

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date 28-Oct-2015 Revision Date 28-Oct-2015 Version 1

## 1. IDENTIFICATION

**Product identifier** 

Product Name Primer

Other means of identification Product Code UN/ID no. Synonyms

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Paint, Coatings.

Uses advised against No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Manufacturer Address** 

SlipDoctors 2101 Midway Rd Ste #350

Carrollton, Texas 75006 Telephone: 972-999-9998

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 (US & Canada)

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### Classification

## **OSHA Regulatory Status**

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 1
Aspiration toxicity	Category 1
Flammable liquids	Category 2

## Label elements

## **Emergency Overview**

#### Danger

### Hazard statements

May cause genetic defects

May cause cancer

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Highly flammable liquid and vapor



Appearance No information available

Physical state liquid

Odor No information available

## **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/tools/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

## **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

Do NOT induce vomiting

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam to extinguish

### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

## **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

### Other Information

May be harmful in contact with skin Causes mild skin irritation Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects Toxic to aquatic life

Unknown acute toxicity

63.25524% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Substance

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%	Trade Secret
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	30 - 60	*
Petroleum naphtha, light aromatic	64742-95-6	5 - 10	*
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic	64742-94-5	5 - 10	*
Acetone	67-64-1	3 - 7	*
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	1 - 5	*
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	1 - 5	*
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	1 - 5	*
Trizinc diphosphate	7779-90-0	1 - 5	*

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	1 - 5	*
QUARTZ	14808-60-7	0.1 - 1	*
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1 - 1	*
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurized heavy	64742-82-1	0.1 - 1	*

<sup>\*</sup>The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### **Description of first aid measures**

Eye contact Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and

continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Get medical advice/attention.

**Skin contact** Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated

clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Inhalation** IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. It may be dangerous to the person giving mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an

open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt, or waistband.

**Ingestion** Get medical attention immediately. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an

open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt, or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** If inhaled, can cause central nervous system depression. May cause drowsiness and

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. If on skin, may cause an allergic reaction. If ingested, can cause central nervous system depression. May be fatal if swallowed and

enters airways.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist if large quantities have been

ingested or inhaled.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### Suitable extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog), or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

#### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire, or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

## Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No data available.

**Sensitivity to Static Discharge** May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames.

#### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions No action shall be taken involving personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate

surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walked through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking, or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal

protective equipment.

**Environmental precautions** 

**Environmental precautions** Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains, and

sewers. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewage, inform appropriate authorities

in accordance with local regulations.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof

tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see Section 13).

Methods for cleaning up Clean with detergents. Avoid solvent cleaners. Dam up and soak up with absorbent

material. Pickup and transfer to appropriate containers for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local

regulations.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations or vapor in air and avoid vapor concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. Operators should wear anti-static footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Never use pressure to empty container. Comply with the health and safety at-work laws. Prevent product from entering drains. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes, etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep/store only in original container. Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep

unauthorized personnel away. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool

and well-ventilated place.

**Incompatible materials** Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Acids.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Calcium Carbonate	-	TWA: 15 mg/m³ total dust	TWA: 10 mg/m³ total dust
1317-65-3		TWA: 5 mg/m³ respirable fraction	TWA: 5 mg/m³ respirable dust
		(vacated) TWA: 15 mg/m³ total dust	
		(vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m³ respirable	
		fraction	
Acetone	STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm	IDLH: 2500 ppm
67-64-1	TWA: 250 ppm	TWA: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 250 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 750 ppm	TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		(vacated) STEL: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> The	
		acetone STEL does not apply to the	
		cellulose acetate fiber industry. It is	
		in effect for all other sectors	
		(vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm	
Titanium Dioxide	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 15 mg/m³ total dust	IDLH: 5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
13463-67-7		(vacated) TWA: 10 mg/m3 total dust	_
n-Butyl acetate	STEL: 200 ppm	TWA: 150 ppm	IDLH: 1700 ppm
123-86-4	TWA: 150 ppm	TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 150 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 150 ppm	TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(vacated) TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 200 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 200 ppm	STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(vacated) STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	_
Stoddard solvent	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm	IDLH: 20000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
8052-41-3		TWA: 2900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Ceiling: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min
		(vacated) TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(vacated) TWA: 525 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
QUARTZ	TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ respirable	(vacated) TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable dust
14808-60-7	fraction	respirable dust	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable dust
		: (30)/(%SiO2 + 2) mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	
		total dust	
		: (250)/(%SiO2 + 5) mppcf TWA	
		respirable fraction	
		: (10)/(%SiO2 + 2) mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	
		respirable fraction	
Carbon Black	TWA: 3 mg/m³ inhalable fraction	TWA: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 1750 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1333-86-4		(vacated) TWA: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 3.5 mg/m³
			TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ Carbon black in
			presence of Polycyclic aromatic
			hydrocarbons PAH

## **Appropriate engineering controls**

**Engineering Controls** 

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Provide local exhaust ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor, or dust concentrations below any exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when risk

assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases, or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side shields.

Skin and body protection

Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should be anti-static overalls, boots, and gloves.

Respiratory protection If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved

respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be

Heavier than air.

provided in accordance with current local regulations.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

AppearanceNo information availableOdorNo information availableColorNo information availableOdor thresholdNo information available

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

PH
No information available
179 °F - 308 °F
-17.77 °C / 0 °F
Evaporation rate
Flammability (solid, gas)
No information available
No information available

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability limit: 0.9% Lower flammability limit: 7.6%

Vapor pressure
Vapor density
No information available
No information available

Relative density 1.455

No information available Water solubility Solubility in other solvents No information available Partition coefficient No information available **Autoignition temperature** No information available **Decomposition temperature** No information available Kinematic viscosity No information available Dynamic viscosity No information available **Explosive properties** No information available **Oxidizing properties** No information available

**Other Information** 

Softening point No information available Molecular weight No information available

 Material VOC
 2.965 lbs/gal

 Coating VOC
 3.312 lbs/gal

 Density
 12.123 lbs/gal

Bulk density No information available

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Reactivity

No data available

### **Chemical stability**

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

## **Possibility of Hazardous Reactions**

None under normal processing.

#### Conditions to avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

### **Incompatible materials**

Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Acids.

## **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

None known based on information supplied.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information No data available

**Inhalation** No data available.

Eye contact No data available.

**Skin contact** No data available.

**Ingestion** No data available.

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Petroleum naphtha, light aromatic 64742-95-6	= 8400 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	= 3400 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic 64742-94-5	> 5000 mg/kg(Rat)	> 2 mL/kg(Rabbit)	> 590 mg/m³(Rat)4 h
Acetone 67-64-1	= 5800 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 50100 mg/m³ ( Rat ) 8 h
Titanium Dioxide 13463-67-7	> 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	= 10768 mg/kg (Rat)	> 17600 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	= 390 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Trizinc diphosphate 7779-90-0	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light 64742-47-8	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg(Rabbit)	> 5.2 mg/L (Rat)4 h
QUARTZ 14808-60-7	= 500 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Carbon Black 1333-86-4	> 15400 mg/kg(Rat)	> 3 g/kg (Rabbit)	-
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurized heavy 64742-82-1	> 5000 mg/kg(Rat)	> 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-

## Information on toxicological effects

**Symptoms** No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Sensitization** No information available. **Germ cell mutagenicity** No information available.

**Carcinogenicity** The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

				,
Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Titanium Dioxide	-	Group 2B	-	X
13463-67-7				
QUARTZ	A2	Group 1	Known	X
14808-60-7		•		
Carbon Black	A3	Group 2B	-	X
1333-86-4		·		

Reproductive toxicity
STOT - single exposure
STOT - repeated exposure
Aspiration hazard
No information available.
No information available.
No information available.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

**ATEmix (oral)** 7,863.00

ATEmix (dermal) 4,029.00 ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 126.70 ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) 5,778.00

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Ecotoxicity**

70.2174765 % of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

### **Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

Chemical Name	Partition coefficient
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic 64742-94-5	2.9 - 6.1
Acetone 67-64-1	-0.24
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	1.81

Other adverse effects

No information available

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste treatment methods

**Disposal of wastes** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions, or any by-products should at all time comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapors from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld, or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains, and sewers.

### Contaminated packaging

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Acetone	Ignitable
67-64-1	
n-Butyl acetate	Toxic
123-86-4	
Trizinc diphosphate	Toxic
7779-90-0	

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN/ID no. 1263 Proper shipping name Paint

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II
Emergency Response Guide 128

Number

**TDG** No information available.

MEX No information available.

ICAO (air) No information available.

**IATA** No information available.

**IMDG** No information available.

RID No information available.

ADR No information available.

**ADN** No information available.

Special precautions All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with

applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. Persons loading or unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations. If there are any questions concerning shipments of this product, please call our main office telephone

number for clarification.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**International Inventories** 

Complies **TSCA DSL/NDSL** Complies **EINECS/ELINCS** Complies **ENCS** Does not comply **IECSC** Complies **KECL** Complies Complies **PICCS AICS** Complies

## Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

## **US Federal Regulations**

## **SARA 313**

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical Name	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Trizinc diphosphate - 7779-90-0	1.0
SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories	
Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire hazard	Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

### **CWA (Clean Water Act)**

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	5000 lb	-	-	Х
Trizinc diphosphate 7779-90-0	-	X	-	-

## **CERCLA**

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

	Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Ī	Acetone	5000 lb	=	RQ 5000 lb final RQ
-	67-64-1			RQ 2270 kg final RQ
Ī	n-Butyl acetate	5000 lb	=	RQ 5000 lb final RQ
-	123-86-4			RQ 2270 kg final RQ

## **US State Regulations**

## **California Proposition 65**

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65
Titanium Dioxide - 13463-67-7	Carcinogen
QUARTZ - 14808-60-7	Carcinogen
Carbon Black - 1333-86-4	Carcinogen

## U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Calcium Carbonate 1317-65-3	X	X	X
Acetone 67-64-1	X	X	X
Titanium Dioxide 13463-67-7	Х	X	X
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	Х	X	X
Stoddard solvent 8052-41-3	Х	X	X
Trizinc diphosphate 7779-90-0	Х	-	X
QUARTZ 14808-60-7	Х	X	X
Carbon Black 1333-86-4	Х	X	X

#### **U.S. EPA Label Information**

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OF THE LAST REVISION

NFPA Health hazards 2 Flammability 3 Instability 0 Physical and Chemical

Properties -

**HMIS** Health hazards 2 Flammability 3 Physical hazards 0 Personal protection X

Prepared ByGreg CohenIssue Date28-Oct-2015Revision Date28-Oct-2015

Revision Note Initial Issue Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the

Revision Date 28-Oct-2015

**Primer** 

date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**