MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date: 1/2/2024

File No.: HR-M5-8860

1. Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company/undertaking

Identification of the product

Product name: Zinc-Manganese Battery/Dry Battery

Chemical System: Zinc-Manganese Battery Model: R03,R20,R6,R14,3R12

Designated for RECHARGE? No

Manufacturer/supplier identification

Company:

Zhejiang HuaRong Battery Co., LTD

Contact for information: 517 dongda Road, JIAXING, ZHEJIANG, PRC

Emergency telephone No.: 86-573-83593608

2. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	Percent	CAS Index No./EC	Molar	Molecular 世(Syprbol
		No.	mass	formula
Zinc	25.8%	7440-66-6		Zn
Manganese(EMD)	48%	7439-96-5		MNO2
Acetylene	3.8%	74-86-2		
Electrolyte	0.3%	7727-43-7		
		7727-43-7		
Kryptol	0.54%	7440-44-0		
Others	21.56%	7440-50-8		
		7440-50-8		

3. Hazards identification

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic):

For the battery cell, chemical materials are stored in a hermetically sealed can, designed to withstand temperatures and pressures encountered during normal use. As a result, during normal use, there is no physical danger of ignition or explosion and chemical danger of hazardous materials leakage.

However, if exposed to a fire, added mechanical shocks, decomposed, or added electric stress by misuse the cell case will be breached and hazardous materials may be released. Moreover, if heated strongly by the surrounding fire, acrid gas may be emitted.

Carcinogenicity:

NTP: None IARC Monograph: None OSHA Regulated: None

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure:

An acute exposure will not generally aggravate any medical condition.

Human health effects:

Inhalation: The steam of the electrolyte has an anesthesia action and stimulates a respiratory tract.

Skin contact: The steam of the electrolyte stimulates a skin. The electrolyte skin contact causes a sore and the stimulation on the skin.

Eye contact: The steam of the electrolyte stimulates eyes. The electrolyte eye contact causes a sore and the stimulation on the eye. Inflammation of the eyes may occur.

Environmental effects:

Since a battery cell remains in the environment, do not throw out it into the environment.

Specific hazards:

If the electrolyte contacts with water, it may generate detrimental hydrogen fluoride.

Since the leaked electrolyte is inflammable liquid, do not bring close to fire.

4. First aid measures

After inhalation contact: Make the victim blow his/her nose, gargle. Seek nedical attention if

necessary.

After skin contact: Remove contaminated clothes and shoes immediately. Immediately wash

extraneous matter or contact region with soap and plenty of water.

After eye contact: Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with water continuously for at least

15 minutes. Seek medical attention.

After ingestion contact: Make the victim vomit. Immediately seek medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing Media: Plenty of water, CO₂ gas, nitrogen gas, chemical powder fire extinguishing

medium and fire foam.

Specific methods of When the battery burns with other combustibles simultaneously, take fire

fire-fighting: extinguishing method which corresponds to the combustibles. Extinguish a fire

from the windward as much as possible.

Flammable Limits: Not available

6. Accidental release measures

The preferred response is to leave the area and allow the batteries to cool and the vapors to dissipate. Avoid skin and eye contact or inhalation of vapors. Remove spilled liquid with absorbent and incinerate.

7. Handling and storage

Avoid mechanical or electrical abuse. Batteries may explode or cause burns, if disassembled, crushed or exposed to fire or high temperatures. Do not short or install with incorrect polarity.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Specific control parameter:

Personal protective equipment:

Respiratory protection (Specify Type): Not necessary under conditions of normal use.

Ventilation: Not necessary under conditions of normal use.

Protective Gloves: Not necessary under conditions of normal uses

Eye protection: Not necessary under conditions of normal use.

Other Protective Not necessary under conditions of formal

(Clothing or Equipment):

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: Solid

Form: Cylindrical/Square
Color: Metallic color
Odor: No odor

PH N/A

Specific temperatures Temperature ranges changes in physical state occur.

Flash point N/A
Explosion properties N/A
Density N/A

Solubility with indication of the solvent(s): Insoluble in water

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability: Stable

Conditions to Avoid: When cell is exposed to an external short-circuit, crushes, deformation, high

temperature above 100 degree C, it will cause heat generation and ignition. Avoid

direct sunlight and high humidity.

Hazardous Decomposition Acrid or harmful gas is emitted during fire.

or By-products:

Materials to avoid: Conductive materials, water, seawater, strong oxidizers and strong acids.

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity:

Copper 60-100mg sized coarse particulate causes a gastrointestinal disturbance

with nausea and inflammation. TDLo, hypodermic - Rabbit 375mg/kg

Organic electrolyte LD50, oral - Rat 2,000mg/kg or more

Further toxicological information:

Aluminum By the long-term inhalation of coarse particulate or fume, it is possible to

cause lung damage (aluminum lungs).

Lithium Cobaltate By the long-term inhalation of coarse particulate or vapor of cobalt, it is

possible to cause the serious respiratory-organs disease. Skin reaction or

a lung disease for allergic or hypersensitive person may be caused.

Graphite Long-term inhalation of high levels of graphite coarse particulate may

cause lung disease or a tracheal disease.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxic effects: N/A
Further ecological data: N/A

When prompty used or disposed the battery does not present environmental hazard

keep away from water, rain and snow.

13. Disposal considerations

Appropriate metod of disposal of substance or preparetion

Dispose of the batteries in accordance with approved local, state, and federal requirements. Consult state environmental agency.

14. Transport information

This substance is not subject to IMO IMGG Code.

This substance is not subject to IATA DGR.

This goods can be packaged according to the packaging requirement of ordinary goods
Large batteries are considered to be "Dry cell" batteries and are unregulated for purpose of
transportation by the U.S. DOT,ICAO,IATA and IMDG. The only DOT requirement for shipping these
batteries is special provision 130 which states: "Batteries, dry are not subject to the requirements of
this subchapter only when they are offered for transportation in a manner that prevents the
dangerous evolution of heat(For example, by the effective insulation of exposed terminals). The only
requirement for shipping these batteires by ICAO and IATA is special provision A123 which states: "An
electrical battery or battery powered device having the potential of dangerous evolutions of heat that
is not prepared so as to prevent a short-circuit(e.g.in the case of batteries, by the effective insulation
of exposed terminals; or in the case of equipment.

Transport fashion:By air,by sea,by railway,by highway.

15. Regulatory information

N/A

16. Other information

Make people: Professional post: R&D Engineer

Make unit: Name: R&D Department

Address: R&D Dept., JIAXING Plant.,

Date of issue: 2024/1/2

DISCLAIMER: The information and recommendations set forth are made in

good faith and believed to be accurate as of the date of preparation. Hua Rong Battery Co. makes no warranty, expressed or implied, with respect to this information and

disclaims all liabilities from reliance on it.

