

Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification

Product Name: Alkaline Battery Model: LR20, LR14, LR6, LR03, 6LR61
 Manufacturer: **SICHUAN CHANGHONG NEWENERGY TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.**
 Address: No.35, East Mianxing Road, High-Tech Park, 621000, Mianyang, Sichuan, China.
 Tel: +86-816-2418674 Fax: +86-816-2410586
 In case of emergency, contact: Technical Support at +86-0816-2410464
 In the case of Poisoning, contact : +86-0816-2410464
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2. Hazards identification

The important hazards and adverse effects of the chemical product	No information available
Chemical product-specific hazards	No information available
Outline of an anticipated emergency	Chemical contents are sealed in metal can. But if battery is mechanically or electrically abused or placed on high temperature condition, risk of leakage, heat generation or in extreme case explosion may be anticipated. Most likely risk is attaching of released caustic alkali (KOH) to skin and eye. Anticipated volume of leakage is 2 to 20ml, depending on battery size. For consumer use, warning to abuse is indicated on package or on the battery

Note : Our battery is not classified in accordance with the GHS classification.

3. Composition /information on Ingredients

Material	CAS No.	contents
Graphite [C]	7782-42-5	2~6 wt%
Manganese dioxide [MnO ₂]	1313-13-9	30~45 wt%
Electrolyte [KOH solution]	1310-58-3	4~8 wt%
Zinc [Zn]	7440-66-6	12~25 wt%

4. First-aid measures

Chemical contents are sealed in metal can. Therefore, risk of exposure never occurs unless battery is mechanically or electrically abused. First aid shown below may need in such abnormal case only.

Inhalation	Inhalation of fume of released electrolyte may stimulate respiratory organ. Provide fresh air. Refer for medical attention.
Skin Contact	Released contents from battery may cause skin irritation and /or chemical burns. Remove contaminated clothes and rinse skin with plenty of water. If chemical burns occur or if irritation

	persists.get medical assistance.
Eyes contact	If released content from battery is attached on eyes,severe irritation and chemical burns occur.Immediately rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if possible),get medical assistance .
Swallowing	In case of swallowed battery.immediately refer for medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing agent: Water and all kind of extinguishers are available.

Extinguishing method : Because packaging material of battery is paper ,use water extinguisher, CO2 extinguisher or powder extinguisher as normal extinguisher.

Since vapor,generated from burning batteries may make eyes,nose and throat irritates, be sure to extinguish the fire on the windward side.Wear the respiratory protection equipment in some cases.

Specal equipment for the protection of firefighters

Hand protection: A pair of flame-proof groves

Eye protechtion: Face mask

Protective wear of skin and /or body:Protective closing

6. Accidental release measures

Chemical contents are sealed in metal can. But if the battery is mechanically or dlectrically abused,congntents may leak out. In such case, take action as showing below.

Personal precautions: Temporary inhalation of fume or attaching of electrolyte to skin does not cause erious health hazard. Be sure the ventilation and washing out of electrolyte quickly.

Environmental precautions: Clean up it quickly. Specific environmental precaution is not necessary.

Method and materials for containment and methods and materials for cleaning up:

Not applicable. Clean up and dispose of it according to section 13

Prevention of secondary hazards : No need.

7. Handling and storage

General: Obey the common known rules and precautions for handling with chemical power sources.

Fire/Explosion protections: Explosion may happen if short-circuit; collect spilled material with an insert standard absorbent like sand or silica.

Storage: Store product in clean, cool and ventilated place with a temperature between 10℃ and 30℃ (no higher than 40℃ in the ordinary course of events) and a relative humidity no higher than 65%; the storage time should not be too long; the batteries should be well-arranged, and do avoid sort-circuit caused by the contact of the positive and negative electrodes.

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

There is no need of personal protective equipment on regular handling and storage, but lot of electrolyte is released by mechanical or electrical abuse, use the protections as shown below.

Respiratory protection: Mask (with a filter preferably)

Hand protection: Synthetic rubber gloves

Eye protection: Goggles or glasses

9. Physical and chemical propertied

State: Solid

Shape: Cylindrical

Since battery is not chemical product other than above information is not applicable.

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability : Stable on regular handing

conditions to avoid: External short circuit of battery ,deformation by crush, exposure at high temperature of more than 85 degree C(may cause leakage and rupture),direct sunlinght,high humidity.

Materials to avoid: Water ,a chain ,and a piece of metal that causes short circuit.

Hazardous decomposition product: Emitted acrid or poisonous gases in fire.

11. Toxicological information

Since chemicals are contained in a sealed can, there are no hazards.

Toxicological information of main components of battery is shown below as reference.

Material	Type	Toxicity / symptom
Manganese dioxide[MnO ₂]	Acute toxicity	Rabbit : LDL0(blue pipe)=45mg/kg LD50(subcutaneous)=422mg/kg
	Local effect	May cause irritation of eyes, throat or skin
	Chronic toxicity	Inhalation of powder dust or fume for a long (at least 3 months) may cause specific central nervous system symptom like Parkinson's disease.
	Reproduction toxicity	Mouse inhalation TCL0=49mg/m ³
Electrolyte [KOH solution]	Acute toxicity	Oral LD50=284mg/kg
	Skin corrosive	In case of contact with skin and eyes, acute corrosion and irritation may cause.
	Chronic toxicity	Chronic contact with dilute solutions of potassium hydroxide can cause dermatitis. Inhalation of dust can produce chronic productive cough, and short breath.

12. Ecological information

Anticipated behavior of chemical product in environment/possible environmental impact/ecotoxicity	No information available
Persistence and degradability	No information available
Bioaccumulative potential	No information available
Mobility in soil	No information available

Exposure of internal content of battery may occur by corrosion of metal case of battery after batteries are disposed of in ground and kept for long time. But no available information about environmental hazard is reported after evaluation of long term landfill experiment.

Our battery does not involve more than limited contents of hazardous materials prohibited in EU Battery Directive(2006/66/EC).

13. Disposable considerations

Dispose of batteries in accordance with applicable federal, state and local regulations. For safety precaution, battery should insulate in proper manner; covering both terminals by tape, wrapping of battery in insulative bag or packing battery in original package is recommended for prevent from leakage and rupture due to short-circuit.

14. Transport Information

Caution for handling

Avoid rough handling of battery cartons. Batteries shall be kept in dry and cool conditions. Do not place batteries in a place exposed to direct sunshine for a long time or splashed by rain water. Do not mix unpacked batteries so as to avoid mechanical damage and/or short-circuit among each other.

Compliance with special Provision of transportation

Because our battery is compliance with US DOT special provision 130 and IATA SP A123 as followings, any transportation is available.

Alkaline Manganese Batteries are considered to be "dry cell" batteries and are unregulated for purposes of transportation by the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT), International Civil Aviation Administration (ICAO), International Air Transport Association (IATA) and the International Maritime Organization (IMO). The only requirement for shipping these batteries by DOT is Special Provision 130 which states: "Batteries, dry are not subject to the requirements of this subchapter only when they are offered for transportation in a manner that prevents the dangerous evolution of heat (for example, by the effective insulation of exposed terminals). The requirements for shipping of these batteries by ICAO and IATA is Special Provision A123 which states: "A battery or battery powered device having the potential of dangerous evolutions of heat that is not prepared so as to prevent a short-circuit (e.g. in the case of batteries, by the effective insulation of exposed terminals; or in the case of equipment, by disconnection of the battery and protection of exposed terminals) is forbidden from transportation. In addition, in the case of air transportation of batteries which is conformed to this requirement, the information "Not restricted, as per Special Provision A123" shall be noted in certain column of "Substances" of "air waybill."

Our battery complies above requirements because of implementation of applicable packaging preventing outer short-circuit by applying effective packing and obeying of waybill notation requirement.

15. Regulatory Information

Environment-related law of batteries; EU nations have applicable law in accordance with Directive 2006/66/EC and other some countries, China, Korea, Brazil, some provinces of USA and Canada or so have similar law.

16. Other information

Reference; IEC 60086-1(2011), 60086-2 (2011), 60086-5 (2011)

The information and the recommendations set forth are made in good faith and believed to be accurate until validated date shown below.

The present file refers to normal use of the product in question. Sichuan Changhong NewEnergy Technology Co., Ltd. makes no warranty expressed or implied.